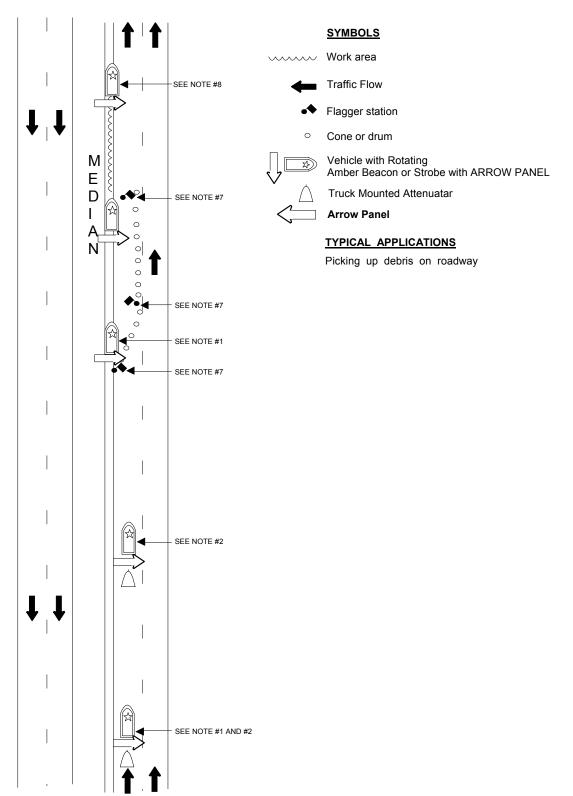
## STANDARD DESIGN

# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND UTILITY OPERATIONS CASE 19 - B

## **UNDER EMERGENCY OPERATIONS ONLY**



#### CASE 19-B

### UNDER EMERGENCY OPERATIONS ONLY

Where, at any time, any vehicle, equipment, worker, or their activities will require the closure of a travel lane.

#### General Notes

- 1. Emergency lane closures should be done by two (2) vehicles with a large rotating amber beacon or strobe light. Both vehicles must display an operating arrow panel.
- 2. Both vehicles should enter the left travel lane several thousand feet before the site of the debris. This vehicle shall be equipped with an impact attenuator, (TMA).
- 3. While traveling at near normal speed, turn on all warning devices and start to reduce speed slowly.
- 4. At approximately 25 miles per hour, the last vehicle should pull part way onto the left shoulder.
- 5. At approximately 300 feet prior to the debris, the last vehicle should stop about one half of the lane.
- 6. Everyone should exit from the driver's side and go to the back of the vehicle. While one worker flags traffic, the others should set up fuse flares or cones in a taper.
- 7. One worker will remain to flag while the other two workers flag between the two vehicles.
- 8. The workers in the other vehicle will pile the debris in front of their vehicle and then move their vehicle to pick it up.
- 9. The lane is cleared by removing the flares or cones and both vehicles moving off.
- 10. To close the right lane, this procedure shall be reversed.
- 11. All vehicles in a work area shall display flashing lights installed for the purpose of warning approaching drivers of a vehicular traffic hazard requiring unusual care in approaching, overtaking, or passing.
- 12. This is the minimum requirement for the condition set forth. The Traffic Engineer may require additional traffic control devices as deemed necessary.